# SDGS COLLEGE DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY

**SYLLUBUS COPY** 

# SDGS.COLLEGE:HINDUPUR: DEPARTMENT OFHISTORY.

#### **SYLLABUS**

The department of History is following the common core syllabus in vogue in the state of Andhra Pradesh. The first year degree syllabus was revised in the academic year 2015-16. The second year syllabus was revised The second year degree syllabus was revised in the academic year 2016-17. The third year degree syllabus was revised in the academic year 2017-18. This department strictly follows the curriculum designed by Srikrishna Devaraya University, the affiliating University.

#### Structure of B. A. HISTORY Syllabus under CBCS

#### w.e.f. 2015-16 (Revised in April, 2016)

|                             | 1     |   |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------|-------|---|--|--|--|
| Semester                    | Paper | Title   |  |  |  |
| Semester I<br>(Core)        | I     | Ancient Indian History & Culture (from earliest times to 600 A.D)                               |  |  |  |
| Semester II<br>(Core)       | II    | Early Medieval Indian History & Culture (600 A.D to 1526 A. D.)                                 |  |  |  |
| Semester III<br>(Core)      | III   | Late Medieval & Colonial History of India (1526 to 1857 A. D.)                                  |  |  |  |
| Semester IV<br>(Core)       | IV    | Social Reform Movement & Freedom Struggle (1820s to 1947 A.D.)                                  |  |  |  |
| Semester V<br>(Core)        | V     | Age of Rationalism And Humanism The World Between 15 <sup>th</sup> & 18 <sup>th</sup> Centuries |  |  |  |
| Semester V<br>(Core)        | VI    | History & Culture of Andhra Desa (from 12 <sup>th</sup> to 19 <sup>th</sup> Century A.D.)       |  |  |  |
| Semester VI<br>Elective - 1 | VII–A | History of Modern Europe (from 19 <sup>th</sup> Century to 1945 A. D.)                          |  |  |  |
| Semester VI<br>Elective – 2 | VII–B | History of East Asia (from 19 <sup>th</sup> Century A.D.to 1950 A.D)                            |  |  |  |
| Semester VI<br>Elective - 3 | VII–C | Contemporary History of The World (1945 to Circa 2000 A. D.)                                    |  |  |  |
| Semester VI<br>Elective - 4 | VII-D | Basics of Journalism  |  |  |  |

| Semester VI<br>Elective - 5                         | VII-E    | Historical Application in Tourism                    |
|---|----------|--|
| Semester VI<br>Elective - 6                         | VII–F    | Modern Techniques in Archaeology                     |
| Semester VI<br>Cluster<br>Electives<br>Elective - 1 | VIII-A-1 | Cultural Tourism in Andhra Pradesh                   |
| Elective – 2  | VIII-A-2 | Popular Movements in Andhra Desa (1848 TO 1956 A.D.) |
| Elective - 3  | VIII-A-3 | Contemporary History of Andhra Pradesh (1956-2014)   |

## Structure of B.A. HISTORY Syllabus under CBCS

| Sl.<br>No | Sem | Paper                      | Name of Paper  | Natu<br>re | Hours<br>/Wee | Cre<br>dits | Mar        | ·ks        |
|-----------|-----|----------------------------|--|------------|---------------|-------------|------------|------------|
|           |     |                            |  |            | k             |             | Mid<br>Sem | Sem<br>End |
| 1         | I   | I                          | Ancient Indian History & Culture (From earliest times to 600 A.D)  | Core       | 5             | 4           | 25         | 75         |
| 2         | II  | II                         | Early Medieval Indian History & Culture (600 A.D to 1526 A. D.)  | Core       | 5             | 4           | 25         | 75         |
| 3         | III | III                        | Late Medieval & Colonial History of India (1526 to 1857 A. D.)   | Core       | 5             | 4           | 25         | 75         |
| 4         | IV  | IV                         | Social Reform Movement & Freedom<br>Struggle<br>(1820s to 1947 A.D.)   | Core       | 5             | 4           | 25         | 75         |
| 5         |     | V                          | Age of Rationalism and Humanism<br>The World Between 15 <sup>th</sup> & 18 <sup>th</sup> Centuries                                 | Core       | 5             | 4           | 25         | 75         |
| 6         | V   | VI                         | History & Culture of Andhra Desa (from 12 <sup>th</sup> to 19 <sup>th</sup> Century A.D.)  | Core       | 5             | 4           | 25         | 75         |
|           |     | VII–<br>(A)                | History of Modern Europe (from 19 <sup>th</sup> Century to 1945 A. D.)   |            |               |             |            |            |
|           |     | VII-<br>(B)<br>VII-<br>(C) | History of East Asia (from 19 <sup>th</sup> Century A.D.to 1950 A.D)  Contemporary History of The World (1945 to Circa 2000 A. D.) | -          |               |             |            |            |
| 7         |     | VII–<br>(D)                | Basics of Journalism   | El         | 5             | 4           | 25         | 75         |
|           |     | VII–<br>(E)                | Historical Application in Tourism  |            |               |             |            |            |
|           | VI  | VII –<br>(F)               | Modern Techniques in Archaeology   |            |               |             |            |            |

|   |   | VIII–<br>A-1 | Cultural Tourism In Andhra Pradesh                   |       |       |    |     |     |
|---|---|--------------|--|-------|-------|----|-----|-----|
| 0 |   | VIII–<br>A-2 | Popular Movements In Andhra Desa (1848 TO 1956 A.D.) | Cl El | _     |    | 25  |     |
| 8 |   | VIII–<br>A-3 | Contemporary History of Andhra Pradesh (1956-2014)   | (3)   | 5     | 4  | 25  | 75  |
|   | I |              | L  | l     | TOTAL | 32 | 200 | 600 |

# B. A. HISTORY I Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS Semester – I

Paper – I (Core Paper)

#### ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY & CULTURE (from earliest times to 600 A.D)

#### (Indian History and Culture from Earliest Times to 647 A.D)

| Unit - 1  | Survey of Sources: Literary & Archaeological Sources; Influence of Geography       |
|-----------|--|
|           | on History; Unity in Diversity; Traces of Stone Age Cultures (Circa 3,50,000 B. C  |
|           | to 3,000 B. C); Indus Valley Civilization (Circa 3000 B. C to 1,500 B. C): Origin, |
|           | Extent, Salient Features.  |
|           |  |
| Unit – II | Vedic Age & Religious Reform Movements (Circa 1500 B. C to 600 B. C):              |
|           | Society, Polity, Economy, Culture during early and later Vedic period; Jainism     |
|           | and Buddhism: Causes, Doctrines, Spread, Importance and Impact.                    |
|           |  |
| Unit -III | Transition from Territorial States to Emergence of Empires (Circa 600to Century    |
|           | to 300 B. C): Rise of Mahajanapadas – Causes for Magadha's Success; Persian        |
|           | and Macedonian Invasions; Mauryan Empire: State, Imperial Administration,          |
|           | Economy, Ashoka's Dhamma, Art & Architecture, Significance & Downfall.             |
| Unit -IV  | Conditions during 200 B. C to 300 A. D.: Central Asian Contacts – Kushanas –       |
|           | Aspects of polity, society, Economy, Religion, Art& Architecture; The Age of       |
|           | Satavahanas: Pattern of Administration – Social, Economic, Religious & Cultural    |
|           | Developments; Sangam Age: The Three Early Kingdoms (Chola, Chera& Pandya)          |
|           | – Society, Language & Literature.  |
| Unit – V  | India between 300 A. D & 600 A. D.: The Rise and Growth of Guptas:                 |
|           | Administration, Society, Economy, Religion, Art, Literature and Science &          |
|           | Technology – Decline.  |
|           |  |

| 1  | A.L. Basham, The Wonder That Was India   |
|----|--|
| 2  | D.N.Jha, Ancient India   |
| 3  | D.D.Kosambi, An Introduction to the Study of Indian History                        |
| 4  | D.P.Chattopadhyay, Science and Society in Ancient India                            |
| 5  | B.N.Mukherjee, The Rise and Fall of the Kushana Empire                             |
| 6  | K.A. NilakanthaShastri, A History of South India                                   |
| 7  | R.C.Majumdar, K.K.Dutta&H.C.RoyChowdhuri (ed.), Advanced History of India          |
| 8  | Kumkum Roy, The Emergence of Monarchy in North India: eighth to fourth centuries   |
|    | BC   |
| 9  | RomilaThapar (et. al). India: Historical Beginnings and the Concept of the Aryan   |
| 10 | M.L.K. Murthy, Pre-and Protohistoric Andhra Pradesh upto 500 B.C., New Delhi, 2003 |

**Study Tour**: Study tour to local museum or at least to nearby historical sites is to be conducted.

Students should be asked to prepare an inventory of items preserved in the museum and their usage.

Students can be asked to create a calendar charting the dates of key events. This can be applied to an historical event or the sequence of events.

# B. A. HISTORY I Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS

 $\begin{array}{c} Semester-II \\ Paper-II \ (Core \ Paper) \end{array}$ 

#### EARLY MEDIEVAL INDIAN HISTORY & CULTURE (600 A.D to 1526 A. D.)

(Indian History and Culture from 647 to 1526 A.D)

| Unit – 1  | Harsha & His Times: Administration, Religion – Hiuen Tsang -Polity, Society, Economy and Culture from 7 <sup>th</sup> to 11 <sup>th</sup> Century A. D. under Chalukyas of Badami& Eastern Chalukyas of Vengi.   |
|-----------|--|
| Unit – II | Age of later Pallavas during 7 <sup>th</sup> & 8 <sup>th</sup> Centuries A. D.: Contribution to Cultural Development & Art & Architecture; The Chola Empire from 9 <sup>th</sup> to 12 Century A. D.: Rise of the Empire, Administration and Cultural Life.                  |
| Unit -III | Conditions in India on the eve of Turkish Invasions; Early Invasions: Traces of Arab Invasion, Ghazni&Ghori Delhi Sultanate (1206 to 1290 A.D.) under Slave Dyanasty.  |
| Unit -IV  | Delhi Sultanate (1290 to 1526 A.D.): Khaljis: Expansion & Consolidation, Administrative & Economic Reforms - The Tughlaqs - Decline & Disintegration of the Delhi Sultanate; Administration, Society, Economy, Technology, Religion, Art & Architecture under the Sultanate. |
| Unit – V  | Cultural Development in India between 13 <sup>th</sup> & 15 <sup>th</sup> Centuries A. D.: Impact of Islam on Indian Society and Culture – Bhakti and Sufi Movements – Emergence of Composite Culture.   |

| 1  | Basham, A.L (ed) A Cultural History of India   |
|----|--|
| 2  | Champakalakshmi, R Trade, Ideology and Urbanization: South India 300 BC – AD         |
|    | 1300   |
| 3  | Chandra, S History of Medieval India (800 – 1700)                                    |
| 4  | Chattopadyay, B.D The Making of Early Medieval India. (Delhi, 1994)                  |
| 5  | Habib, Irfan, Medieval India: The Study of a Civilization                            |
| 6  | Habibullah, A.B.M, The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India                            |
| 7  | Kumar Sunil, The Emergence of the Sultanate of Delhi                                 |
| 8  | Nizami, K.A. Some Aspects of Religion and Politics in India in the 13th c            |
| 9  | K.A. NilakantaSastri, A History of South India from Prehistoric Times to the Fall of |
|    | Vijayanagara   |
| 10 | K.A.NilkantaSastri, The Cholas   |
| 11 | Shireen Moosvi, The Economy of the Mughal Empire                                     |
| 12 | Stein, B Peasant, State & Society in Medieval South India                            |
| 13 | Yazdani, G. (ed) The Early History of the Deccan                                     |
| 14 | R.C.Majumdar, The Age of Imperial Kanauj   |

**Project**: Students may be asked to prepare a project on influence of Islam and Hinduism in their respective areas.

Encourage students to write their autobiography or biography of their inspiring personalities

# B. A. HISTORY II Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS Semester – III Paper – III (Core Paper)

### LATE MEDIEVAL & COLONIAL HISTORY OF INDIA (1526 to 1857 A. D.)

(History and Culture of India (1526 – 1857))

| Unit – 1      | India from 1526 to 1707 A. D.: Emergence of Mughal Empire - Sources,<br>Conditions in India on the eve of Babur's invasion, Brief Summary of Mughal<br>Polity – Sher Shah & Sur Interregnum – Expansion & Consolidation of Mughal<br>Empire – Rise of Marathas & Peshwas.                               |
|---------------|---|
| Unit – II     | Administration, Economy, Society and Cultural Developments under the Mughals – Disintegration of Mughal Empire.   |
| Unit -<br>III | India under Colonial Hegemony: Beginning of European Settlements – Anglo-French Struggle – Policies of Expansion - Subsidiary Alliance & Doctrine of Lapse - Consolidation of British Empire in India up to 1857 A. D.  |
| Unit -<br>IV  | Economic Policies of the British (1757-1857): Land Revenue Settlements – Commercialization of Agriculture – Impact of Industrial Revolution on Indian Industry; Administration of the Company – Regulating Charter Acts; Cultural & Social Policies: Humanitarian Measures & Spread of Modern Education |

| Unit – V | Anti-Colonial Upsurge –Peasant & Tribal Revolts - 1857 Revolt – Causes, |
|----------|---|
|          | Nature& Consequences.   |

| 1 | Bipan Chandra, Modern India                                     |
|---|---|
| 2 | Bipan Chandra, Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India |
| 3 | C.A.Bayly, Indian Society and the Making of the British Empire  |
| 4 | HarbansMukhia, The Mughals of India                             |
| 5 | Irfan Habib, Medieval India: The study of a Civilization        |
| 6 | L.P.Sharma, The Mughal Empire                                   |
| 7 | R.P.Dutt, India Today   |
| 8 | Sathis Chandra, Essays on Medieval Indian History               |
| 9 | Tripathi R.P., The Rise & Fall of the Mughal Empire             |

**Project Work**: Students should be asked to identify structures belonging to Mughal period or colonial period and present status.

Make students to create a collage or collection of images related to a topic. Images can be hand drawn, printed, or clipped from a magazine or newspaper.

# B. A. HISTORY II Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS Semester – IV

Paper – IV (Core Paper)

## SOCIAL REFORM MOVEMENT & FREEDOM STRUGGLE (1820 to 1947 A.D.)

(History and Culture of India (1857 – 1947))

| Unit – 1  | Social, Religious & Self-Respect Movements: Social & Cultural Awakening – Brahma Samaj, Arya Samaj, Theosophical Society, Ramakrishna Mission, Aligarh Movement – Emancipation of Women – Struggle Against Caste: JyotibaPhule, Narayana Guru, Periyar, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar. |
|-----------|---|
| Unit – II | Growth of Nationalism in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> Half of 19 <sup>th</sup> Century – Impact of British Colonial Policies under Viceroys' Rule and the Genesis of Freedom Movement – Birth of Indian National Congress.   |
| Unit -III | Freedom Struggle from 1885 to 1920: Moderate Phase — Partition of Bengal - Emergence of Militant Nationalism –Swadeshi & Boycott Movement – Home Rule Movement.   |
| Unit -IV  | Freedom Struggle from 1920 to 1947: Gandhiji's Role in the National Movement – Revolutionary Movement – Subhas Chandra Bose.  |

| Unit – V | Muslim League & the Growth of Communalism – Partition of India – Advent of    |
|----------|---|
|          | Freedom - Integration of Princely States into Indian Union – Sardar Vallabhai |
|          | Patel.  |
|          |   |

| 1  | Anil Seal, Emergence of Indian Nationalism                                  |
|----|---|
| 2  | Banerjee, Sekhar, From Plassey to Partition                                 |
| 3  | Bayly, C A., Indian Society and Making of the British Empire                |
| 4  | Brown, Judith: Gandhi's Rise to Power                                       |
| 5  | Chandra, Bipan, et. al., India's Struggle for Independence                  |
| 6  | Chatterjee, Jaya, Bengal Divided: Hindu Communalism and Partition 1932-1947 |
| 7  | Desai, A. R,: Social Background to Indian Nationalism                       |
| 8  | Dutt, R.P., India Today   |
| 9  | Joshi, P.C., Rammohun and the Forces of Modernisation in India              |
| 10 | Sarkar Sumit: Modern India 1885 to 1947                                     |
| 11 | Stokes, Eric, Peasants and the Raj  |
| 12 | R.C. Majumdar, The Struggle for Freedom, BharatiyaVidhyaBhavan Series       |

<u>Project Work</u>: As part of Internal Assessment, Project Work may be given on regional or local history related to culture, economy, struggles, land relations, cultural institutions and their influence on the society.

They can also be asked to create a play centered on any event in social reform movement or freedom struggle.

B. A. HISTORY

III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS

Semester – V

Paper – V (Core Paper)

# AGE OF RATIONALISM AND HUMANISM THE WORLD BETWEEN 15<sup>TH</sup>& 18<sup>TH</sup> CENTURIES

(*History of Modern World* (1453 – 1821 A.D))

| Unit – 1  | Feudalism -Geographical Discoveries: Causes – Compass & Maps – Portugal |
|-----------|---|
|           | Leads and Western World Follows – Consequences;                         |
| ***       |   |
| Unit – II | The Renaissance Movement: Factors for the Growth of Renaissance –       |
|           | Characteristic Features - Transformation from Medieval to Modern World; |
|           | Reformation & Counter Reformation Movements: The Background –           |
|           | Protestantism – Spread of the Movement– Counter Reformation– Effects of |
|           | Reformation   |

| Unit -<br>III | Emergence of Nation States: Contributory Factors - England and other Nation States - Impact due to the Emergence of Nation States.; Age of Revolutions: The Glorious Revolution (1688) - Origin of Parliament - Constitutional Settlement - Bill of Rights - Results. |
|---------------|---|
| Unit -<br>IV  | Age of Revolutions: The American Revolution (1776) – Opening of New World – Causes – Course – Declaration of Independence, 1776 – Bill of Rights, 1791 – Significance.  |
| Unit – V      | Age of Revolutions: The French Revolution (1789) – Causes - Teachings of Philosophers - Course of the Revolution – Results.   |

| 1  | Burke, Peter, The Renaissance                                      |
|----|--|
| 2  | C.J.H. Hayes, Modern Europe up to 1870                             |
| 3  | C.D. Hazen, Modern Europe up to 1945                               |
| 4  | Christopher Hill, From Reformation to Industrial Revolution        |
| 5  | Elton, G.R., Reformation Europe, 1517-1559                         |
| 6  | Ferguson, The Renaissance  |
| 7  | Gilmore, M.P., The World of Humanism, 1453-1517                    |
| 8  | Hilton, Rodney, Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism            |
| 9  | J.H.Parry, The Age of Renaissance                                  |
| 10 | J.N.L. Baker, History of Geographical Discoveries and Explorations |
| 11 | The New Cambridge Economic History of Europe, Vol. I, VII.         |

**Project Work:** Individual or group projects may be presented by the students regarding preparation of bibliography on various topics.

Students should also be asked to construct glossaries to help them study and review lessons while helping them to understand a large array of vocabulary words.

# B. A. HISTORY III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS Semester – V Paper – VI (Core Paper)

#### HISTORY & CULTURE OF ANDHRA DESA (from 12th to 19th Century A.D.)

(History and Culture of Andhra from Satavahanas to 1857 A.D)

| Unit − 1  | Andhra during 12 <sup>th</sup> & 13 <sup>th</sup> Centuries A.D.: Kakatiyas – Origin & its Antecedents – |
|-----------|--|
|           | Administration – Social & Economic Life – Industries & Trade - Promotion of                              |
|           | Literature and Culture – Architecture & Sculpture – Decline; The Age of Reddy                            |
|           | Kingdoms: Patronage to Literature – Trade & Commerce.  |
| Unit – II | Andhra between 14 <sup>th</sup> & 16 <sup>th</sup> Centuries A.D.: Vijayanagara Empire: Polity,          |
|           | Administration, Society & Economy – Sri Krishna Devaraya and his contribution                            |
|           | to Andhra Culture – Development of Literature & Architecture – Decline and                               |
|           | Downfall.  |

| Unit -III | Andhra through 16 <sup>th</sup> & 17 <sup>th</sup> Centuries A.D.: Evolution of Composite Culture - The |
|-----------|---|
|           | QutbShahis of Golkonda – Origin & Decline – Administration, Society &                                   |
|           | Economy – Literature & Architecture.  |
| Unit -IV  | The 18 <sup>th</sup> & 19 <sup>th</sup> Centuries in Andhra: East India Company's Authority over        |
|           | Andhra – Three Carnatic Wars – Occupation of Northern Circars and Ceeded                                |
|           | Districts –Early Uprisings – Peasants and Tribal Revolts.   |
| Unit – V  | The 18 <sup>th</sup> & 19 <sup>th</sup> Centuries in Andhra: Impact of Company Rule on Andhra –         |
|           | Administration – Land Revenue Settlements – Society – Education - Religion –                            |
|           | Impact of Industrial Revolution on Economy – Peasantry & Famines –                                      |
|           | Contribution of Sir Thomas Munroe, C. P. Brown & Sir Arthur Cotton – Impact                             |
|           | of 1857 Revolt in Andhra  |

| 1  | BalenduSekharam, The Andhras Through the Ages  |
|----|--|
| 2  | K. Sathyanarayana, A Study of the History and Culture of Andhras                       |
| 3  | Mallampalli Soma SekharaSarma, History of the ReddiKindogms                            |
| 4  | K.A.N.Sastry, A History of South India   |
| 5  | H.K.Sherwani, History of the KutubShahi Dynasty  |
| 6  | P.R.Rao, History of Modern Andhra  |
| 7  | KhandavalliLakxmiranjanam&BalenduSekharam, \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \       |
|    |  |
| 8  | SuravaramPratap Reddy, DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD                             |
| 9  | B.S.L.Hanumanta Rao,   |
| 10 | I.K.Sarma, Early Historic Andhra Pradesh, 500 B.C624 A.D., New Delhi, 2008             |
| 11 | B. Rajendra Prasad, Early Medieval Andhra Pradesh, A.D.624 -1000 A.D., New Delhi, 2009 |
| 12 | C. Somasundara Rao, Medieval Andhra Pradesh, A.D. 1000 -1324 A.D., New Delhi, 2011     |
| 13 | R. Soma Reddy, Late Medieval Andhra Pradesh, A.D. 1324-1724 A.D., New Delhi, 2014      |

<u>Project Work:</u> Students may be asked to identify families/ areas/ institutions/ personalities/ monuments related to freedom struggle and prepare dissertation under the guidance of a teacher so as to equip them with better understanding of society and historical processes. This exercise should also aim at exposing the spirit of research, analysis, criticism, innovation and invention among the students.

B. A. HISTORY

III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS

Semester – VI

Paper – VII-(A) :: (Elective Paper)

#### (*History of Modern World* (1821 – 1945))

| Unit – 1  | Industrial Revolution: Origin, Nature and Impact.  |
|-----------|--|
| Unit – II | Unification Movements in Italy & Germany and their Impact.   |
| Unit -III | Communist Revolution in Russia – Causes, Course and Results – Impact on World Order.   |
| Unit -IV  | World War I: Age of Rivalry in Europe Between 1870 and 1914 – Results of the War – Paris Peace Conference - League of Nations. |
| Unit – V  | World War II: Causes, Fascism & Nazism – Results; The United Nations Organization: Structure, Functions and Challenges.        |

#### References:

| 1 | J.A.Hobson, Imperialism: A Study  |
|---|---|
| 2 | C.D. Hazen, Modern Europe up to 1945  |
| 3 | H.A.L.Fisher, History of Europe   |
| 4 | C.M.M.Ketelbey, A History of Modern Times   |
| 5 | Grant and Temperley (ed), Europe in the 18 <sup>th</sup> and 20 <sup>th</sup> Centuries |
| 6 | David Thomson, Europe Since Napoleon  |
| 7 | A.P.J.Taylor, The Struggle for Mastery in Europe  |
| 8 | S.P.Nanda, History of Modern World  |
| 9 | S.N.Dhar, International Relations and World Politics Since 1919                         |

**Project Work**: Project work on the consequences of industrialization & globalization on society and economy should be given to students.

# III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS Semester – VI Paper – VII-B :: (Elective Paper)

#### HISTORY OF EAST ASIA (from 19th Century A.D.to 1950 A.D)

| Unit – 1  | Pre-colonial China - The nature and structure of the traditional Chinese Society, |
|-----------|---|
|           | Polity, Economy; Colonial Penetration in China -Tribute system, Canton system     |
|           | and their collapse - Opium Wars and Treaties with imperialist powers and struggle |
|           | for concessions in China - Increasing western economic interests- Open-Door       |
|           | Policy.   |
| Unit – II | Chinese Popular Movements with special reference to Taiping Revolt - Cause,       |
|           | Nature & Legacy; The Self-Strengthening Movement - Boxer Rebellion and its        |
|           | consequences - Republican Revolution of 1911- Role of various social classes -    |
|           | Sun Yat Sen.  |
| Unit -    | Nationalism and Communism in China - Emergence of the Republic and Yuan Shi       |
| III       | Kai - New Intellectual ideas and May Fourth Movement- Political crisis in the     |

|          | 1920's- The first United Front- Kuomintang-Communist Conflict- Ten years of      |
|----------|--|
|          | Nanking Government - The Communist Party under Mao Tse Tung- Red Army-           |
|          | Long March- The Chinese Revolution (1949)- ideology, causes and                  |
|          | significance - the Establishment of the Peoples' Republic of China.              |
| Unit -   | Japan during Pre- Restoration Period - The Tokugawa Shogunate- Encounter with    |
| IV       | the West- the Perry Mission and the opening up of Japan to the West - The crisis |
|          | and fall of Shogunate - Meiji Restoration (1867-68) - Processes of               |
|          | modernization- social, military, political and educational - Popular and         |
|          | Democratic Movements - Meiji Constitution - Rise of Political Parties.           |
| Unit – V | Economic Modernization - Emergence of Japan as an Imperial Power - The           |
|          | Sino-Japanese War - The Anglo-Japanese Alliance - The Russo- Japanese War -      |
|          | World War I and after- Japan in the Pacific and the Washington Conference -      |
|          | Manchurian Crisis - Failure of the Democratic System and the Rise of Militarism  |
|          | in the 1930's and 1940's - Japan and the World War II - Post War Japan under     |
|          | General MacArthur.   |

| 1  | Allen George – A Short Economic History of Modern Japan      |
|----|--|
| 2  | Beckmann George M – Modernization of China and Japan         |
| 3  | Beckmann George M - The Making of Meiji Constitution         |
| 4  | Bianco Lucian – Origins of the Chinese Revolution, 1915-1949 |
| 5  | The Cambridge History of Japan Vols V and VI                 |
| 6  | The Cambridge History of China Vol X                         |
| 7  | Chen Jerome – Mao Tse Tung and the Chinese Revolution        |
| 8  | Fitzgerald C.P. – Birth of Communist China                   |
| 9  | Peffer Nathaniel – The Far East: A Modern History            |
| 10 | Vinacke H – A History of the Far East in Modern times        |

**Project Work:** A project report on Sino-India Relations; Chinese economic leadership; Japan's present status

III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS

Semester – VI

Paper – VII-(C) :: (Elective Paper)

#### CONTEMPORARY HISTORY OF THE WORLD (1945 to Circa 2000 A. D.)

| Unit – 1 | Debate on the origins of the Cold War - Emergence of Soviet and American |
|----------|--|
|          | economic and military alliances: NATO, WTO, IMF, World Bank, Warsaw,     |
|          | COMECON.   |
|          |  |

| Unit – II | USSR's relation with the East European countries (1945-64) - The US foreign policy in the Post war period: Truman Doctrine and Marshall Plan.   |
|-----------|---|
| Unit -III | Disintegration of European Empires and the emergence of the Third World - The Non-Aligned Movement - Indo-Pakistan relations - Liberation war of Bangladesh - The Liberation Struggle of Vietnam (1945-54 and 1954-1975) - Sino- Soviet relations - Sino- U.S. relations - SAARC. |
| Unit -IV  | Bi-polarism and regional conflicts: War in Korea – Crisis in Cuba – Conflict in the Middle East (Arab – Israel wars of 1948-49,67, 1973) – Activities of P.L.O- Intifada – Gulf War of 1990-91 -  |
| Unit – V  | Reunification of Germany - The end of Socialist regime and the disintegration of USSR; The end of the Cold War - The onset of Globalization - American Uni-polarism and its significance for international politics.  |

| 1  | C.Brown&J.Mooney, Cold War to Détente 1945-83  |
|----|--|
| 2  | Chain Herzog, The Arab Israeli War   |
| 3  | Eric Hobsbawm, Age of Extremes: The Short Twentieth Century 1914-1991                |
| 4  | H.Higgins, Vietnam   |
| 5  | J.Bhagwati, In Defense of Globalization  |
| 6  | J.N.Dixit, Across Borders: Fifty Years of Indian's Foreign Policy                    |
| 7  | Karuna Kaushik, History of Communist Russia 1917-1991                                |
| 8  | Lipyong J.Kim, The Strategic Triangle: China, the United States and the Soviet Union |
| 9  | O.Leorose and Richard Sisson, War and Secession: Pakistan, India and the creation of |
|    | Bangladesh   |
| 10 | M.Hastings, The Korean War   |

**Project Work:** Project work on India's foreign policies – Strengths & Challenges; Regional Cooperation; International Relations

III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS

Semester – VI

Paper – VII-D (Elective Paper)

#### **BASICS OF JOURNALISM**

| Unit – 1      | Definition of Journalism – Nature and Scope – Principles and Functions – Mass Communication Media – Concept of Fourth Estate – Democracy and the Press – Freedom of Press - Limitation of Freedom.  |
|---------------|---|
| Unit – II     | Early Forms of Mass Communication – Primitive Types of Journalism - Proclamations –War Reports in Medieval times - Significance of Print Revolution – Telegraphic Communication – Morse Code –Radio - Changes in Printing Techniques – Offset – DTP – Electronic Revolution - Digitalization – Online Journalism. |
| Unit -<br>III | Journalism in the Contemporary World- Press Commission of 1947 – Newspaper Magnates – Corporate Bodies – Commercialization – News Agencies – Reuters – AP, UPI, AFT etc.,. TV & Journalism.   |
| Unit -<br>IV  | Ideologies & the Press –Social Responsibility – Woman Issues - Workers & Peasant Issues - Politicization - Competition - Advertising and Journals – Cost of Production and Marketing - Sensationalisation – Networking.   |
| Unit – V      | Beginnings of Indian Press – James Hicky – Early Publications from Bengal – Contents of early English Journals – Indian Vernacular Pres – Aims & Objectives of the early Newspapers - Development of Press after Independence   |

#### References:

| 1 | Agee Ault & Emery, Introduction to Mass Communication                |
|---|--|
| 2 | Asa Briggs, A Social History of Media From Gutenberg to the Internet |
| 3 | Gardiner Lambert, A History of Media                                 |
| 4 | Kamat M V., Professional Journalism                                  |
| 5 | Krishnamurthy N, Indian Journalism                                   |
| 6 | Herman Edward and Nom Chomsky, The Political Economy of Mass Media   |
| 7 | Raghavan G N S, The Press in India                                   |
| 8 | Rivers Williams, Mass Media and Society                              |

**Project Work:** Students should be given assignment to collect news on important activities in their local areas and present reports. They should also be asked to prepare reports on college level activities and approach the local reporters for the publication of the same.

Students can also be asked to create a questionnaire and survey in the locality to gather an understanding about thematic issues like water, sanitation, health for a presentation.

B. A. HISTORY
III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS
Semester – VI
Paper – VII-E :: (Elective Paper)

#### **HISTORICAL APPLICATION IN TOURISM**

| Unit – 1      | Tourism: Definition, Nature and Scope, Concepts- History of Tourism and its Development- Motivations for Travel-Types of Tourism - Components of Tourism  |
|---------------|---|
| Unit – II     | Social and Economic significance of Tourism - Tourism as an Industry - Components of Tourism Industry - Attractions, Transport, Accommodation, Shopping, Entertainment, Hospitality, Airlines, Travel Agencies – Impact of Tourism on Physical Environment.   |
| Unit -<br>III | History as Tourism product- Archaeological and Historical Monuments –Ajanta, Ellora, Sanchi, Amaravati, Nagarjunakonda, Mahabalipuram, Kanchi, Badami, TanjavurBrihadisvara temple, Puri, Ramappa temple, Alampur, Halebid, Mukhalingam, Tadiparti, Hampi.  |
| Unit -<br>IV  | Cultural and Pilgrimage Tourism- Fairs and Festivals- Ajmir, Amruthsar, Madhurai, Mount Abu, Warangal, Goa, Mahanandi, Tirupati, Lepaskhi, Simhachalam; Kuchapudi dance, Khajuraho Festival, JagannathRathayatra, Flamingo Festival.  |
| Unit – V      | Field Trip & Viva-voce: It would be compulsory for the students to attend the field trip to the tourist centers/ historical monuments and submit a comprehensive Report to the Department. The Viva – Voce would be based especially on field trip of tourist centers / historical monuments in surrounding areas. The Viva – Voce will be of 10 marks, and Tour Report should be evolved for 15 marks. |

#### References:

| 1  | Lucas In II C Information Technology for Management McCross IIII 2005           |
|----|---|
| 1  | Lucas Jr., H. C. Information Technology for Management, McGraw Hill, 2005       |
| 2  | Shobita Chopra, Tourism and Development in India, New Delhi, 1992               |
| 3  | Singh Ratandeep: Handbook of Environmental Guidelines for Indian Tourism        |
| 4  | Bhatia, A.K., Tourism Development Principles and Practices, New Delhi, 1983     |
| 5  | Bhatia, A.K., <i>Tourismin India</i> , New Delhi                                |
| 6  | VirendraKaul, Tourism and the Economy, New Delhi, 1994                          |
| 7  | Gopal Singh, The Geography of India, Delhi, 1988                                |
| 8  | Ghulam Yazdan, The Art and Architecture of Deccan                               |
| 9  | Burkart A.J. and Medlik, Tourism: Past Present & Future: (London, Heinemann)    |
| 10 | M.P. Bezbaruah, Tourism: Future Challenges and Opportunities.                   |
| 11 | John Anderson, Catalogue and Handbooks of the Archaeological Collections in the |
|    | Indian Museum, 2 Volumes  |
| 12 | Seth P.N. Successful Tourism – Planning and Management, New Delhi, 1987         |
| 13 | Allchin F.R. Cultural Tourism in India; Its scope and Development, New Delhi    |

#### **MODERN TECHNIQUES IN ARCHAEOLOGY**

| Unit – 1      | Dating Techniques in Archaeology - Relative Techniques – Stratigraphy - Absolute Dating Methods – Carbon 14 – Fluorine – Potassium Argon – Limitations of Carbon 14.                                 |
|---------------|--|
| Unit – II     | Dendrochronology – Pollen Analysis – Petrology – Thermo Luminescence – Typology – Terracotta, Metallic, Stone, Sarcophagi.   |
| Unit -<br>III | Post Excavation Activities – Collection and Classification of Artefacts – Field Laboratory – Services of Curator – Preservation of the Finds - Preparation and Publication of Archaeological Report. |
| Unit -<br>IV  | Conservation & Exhibition of Artefacts – Methods of Conservation – Organic Objects – Various kinds of Metallic Objects – Need and Importance.  |
| Unit – V      | Recent Trends in Indian Archaeology – Underwater Archaeology – Indian Institute of Oceanography, Goa – Recovery of Submerged Sites – Dwaraka – Environmental Archaeology .                           |

#### References:

| 1 | Atkinson R.J.C., Field Archaeology                               |
|---|--|
| 2 | Chakrabarti D.K., Theoretical Perspectives in Indian Archaeology |
| 3 | Rajan K., Archaeology, Principles and Methods                    |
| 4 | Raman K.V., Principles and Methods in Archaeology                |
| 5 | Paddya K., The New Archaeology and Aftermath                     |
| 6 | Rao, S. R., Dwaraka Excavations                                  |

<u>Study Tour:</u> Study tour to archaeological sites & museums at least to nearby historical sites is to be compulsorily undertaken. Students should be asked to prepare notes on the objects, how they are collected and maintained in the museums.

III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS

Semester – VI

Paper – VIII-A-1 (Cluster Elective Paper –1)

CULTURAL TOURISM IN ANDHRA PRADESH

| Unit – 1  | Concepts of Tourism: Nature – Scope – Definition – Tourists & Excursionists – Domestic & International Tourists.   |
|-----------|--|
| Unit – II | Types of Tourism: Heritage Tourism – Pilgrimage Tourism – Recreation Tourism – Sports & Adventure Tourism – Advance Tourism – Health Tourism – Environment Tourism.                                    |
| Unit -III | History and Tourism – Heritage Sites – Definition – Ancient Monuments<br>Preservation Act of 1904, Act of 1958 and Act of 1972 - Archaeological Survey<br>of India – Stage Museums.                    |
| Unit -IV  | Planning and Development of A.P. Tourism: APTDC – Aims & Objectives – Fairs & Festivals – Andhra Cuisine –Restaurants - Eco Tourism – Beaches & Hill Resorts – Mountaineering – Tourist Places in A.P. |
| Unit – V  | Modalities of Conducting Tourism: Field Work - Visit to a Site – Conduct of Research – Preparation of Project Report   |

| 1  | APTDC Publications   |
|----|--|
| 2  | Ashorth G.J, Marketing in Tourism Industry                             |
| 3  | Bhatia A.K., Tourism Development                                       |
| 4  | Clare, Gunn, Tourism Planning  |
| 5  | Khan, Nafees A, Development Tourism in India                           |
| 6  | Krishna K Karama, Basics of Tourism                                    |
| 7  | Marrison A.M, Hospitality and Travel Marketing                         |
| 8  | RangaMukesh, Tourism Potential in India                                |
| 9  | Sarkar H, Museums and Protection of Monuments and Antiquities in India |
| 10 | Vijayalaxmi K.S., History of Tourism                                   |

**Field Trip:** Compulsory field trip to destinations of architectural, archaeological, historical and cultural importance is to be conducted. Students should be made to prepare detailed reports on the hand-on experience they gained in such trips.

Students should be encouraged to create **blogs** for local site seeing places and to write and organize articles on those spots.

III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS

Semester – VI

Paper – VIII-A-2 (Cluster Elective Paper 2)

#### POPULAR MOVEMENTS IN ANDHRA DESA (1848 TO 1956 A.D.)

(History and Culture of Andhra from 1857 to 2014)

| Unit – 1  | Social & Self Respect Movements: Social Conditions –KandukuriVeeresalingam, Raghupathi Venkata Rathnam Naidu, GuruzadaApparao, Komarraju Venkata Laxmana Rao; New Literary Movements: Causes – RayaproluSubbarao, ViswanathaSathyanarayana, GurramJashua, BoyiBheemanna, SriSri – Impact.                             |
|-----------|---|
| Unit – II | Freedom Movement in Andhra (1885-1920): Contributory Factors — Vandemataram Movement — Swadeshi & Boycott programs — Glorious Events at Rajahmundry, Kakinada, Kotappakonda& Tenali — Home Rule Movement in Andhra.   |
| Unit -III | Freedom Movement in Andhra (1920-1947): Non-Cooperation Movement – ChiralaPerala, Palanadu&Pedanandipadu Activities – Alluri Seetarama Raju &Rampa Revolt (1922-24) – Anti-Simon Commission Movement – Civil Disobedience Movement – Quit India Movement.   |
| Unit -IV  | Movement for Separate Andhra State (1953): Causes – Andhra Maha Sabha – Andhra Provincial Congress Committee – Andhra University – Conflict between Coastal Andhra &Rayalaseema – Sri Bagh Pact – Constitution of Committees & their Contribution – Martyrdom of PottiSriramulu – Formation of separate Andhra State. |
| Unit – V  | Movement for formation of Andhra Pradesh (1956): VisalandhraMahasabha – Role of Communists – States Reorganization Committee – Gentlemen's Agreement – Formation of Andhra Pradesh.   |

| 1 | B. Kesava Narayana, Political and Social Factors in Modern Andhra      |
|---|--|
| 2 | K.V.Narayana Rao, The Emergence of Andhra Pradesh                      |
| 3 | M. Venkata Rangaiah, The Freedom Struggle in Andhra Pradesh            |
| 4 | P.R.Rao, History of Modern Andhra                                      |
| 5 | SarojiniRegani, Highlights of Freedom Movement                         |
| 6 | SarojiniRegani, DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD                   |
| 7 | V. Ramakrishna, Social Reform Movement in Andhra                       |
| 8 | B. Kesava Narayana, Modern Andhra & Hyderabad – 1858 – 1956 A.D., 2016 |

**Project Work:** With the aim of understanding of techniques and methods of research and presentation, students should be encouraged to draft a report on local writers, struggles, human rights movements, different types of social discrimination etc.

III Year B. A. Programme (UG) Courses – Under CBCS

Semester – VI

Paper – VIII-A-3 (Cluster Elective Paper – 3)

| Unit – 1  | Socio-Economic Changes in Andhra Pradesh – River Projects & Infrastructural Development – Education & Scientific Progress – Regional Politics – Emergence of Telugu Desam Party  |
|-----------|--|
| Unit – II | Growth of Leftist Ideology – Marxist & Radical Literature – Naxalbary Movement - Communist Activities - Electoral Politics – Present Status of Communist Movement.   |
| Unit -III | Dalit Movement – Understanding Untouchability - Education – Literature - Struggle for Identity – Demand for Political Space.   |
| Unit -IV  | Early trends towards Bifurcation: Jai Telengana Movement (1969) – Mulki Rules – Legal Battle - Jai Andhra Movement (1972) – Six Point Formula (1973).  |
| Unit – V  | Bifurcation of Andhra Pradesh: Power Politics – Economic Discontentment – Riparian Disputes - Unemployment –Foundation of Telangana RastraSamiti – Movements for separate Telangana & unified Andhra Pradesh – Formation of Telangana State (2014) |

| 1  | Barry Pavier, The Telangana Movement - 1944-51                                    |
|----|---|
| 2  | Chinnayya Suri, Agrarian Movement in Andhra, 1921-71                              |
| 3  | K. Ramachandra Murthy, Unveiling Telangana State                                  |
| 4  | P.R.Rao, History of Modern Andhra   |
| 5  | S. Ratnakar, A Brief History of Telangana & Andhra Pradesh                        |
| 6  | Sri Krishna Committee Report  |
| 7  | TarimelaNagireddy, India Mortgaged  |
| 8  | Y.V.Krishna Rao, Growth of Capitalism in Indian Agriculture: A Case Study of A.P. |
| 9  | KattiPadmarao, □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□                               |
| 10 | Y. Chinnarao,   |
| 11 | News Paper Clippings (2001-2014)  |

<u>Project Work:</u> Students may be asked to prepare assignments on local caste struggles; regional disparities; aspirations; recent developments etc., through interviews and verifying press reports.

# **A.Y 2015-16 & 2014-15 (Annual pattern)**

## PAPER II- INDIAN HISTORY (1526to 1945A.D.)

| Unit – 1   | Emergence of Mughal Empire - Sources, Conditions in India on the eve of Babur's invasion,-Achievements of Babur- Humayun ,Sher Shah & Sur Interregnum Akbar- Expansion & Consolidatio of Mughal Empire – Jahangir- Nurjahan Golden age of mughals-                                       |
|------------|--|
| Unit – II  | Aurangajeb – conquests-Deccan policy -Ragput policy- Religious policy: Administration, Economy, Society, Disintegration of Mughal Empire- Cultural Developments under Mughals-   |
| Unit -III  | Rise of Marathas-Shivaji Conquests and Administration-Peshwas-<br>Disintegration of Marathas.  |
| Unit -IV   | Beginning of European Settlements – Anglo-French Struggle – Policies of Expansion - Subsidiary Alliance & Doctrine of Lapse - Economic Policies of the British Land Revenue Settlement   |
| Unit – V   | Commercialization of Agriculture – Impact of Industrial Revolution on Indian Industry; Administration of the Company -Anti-Colonial Upsurge –Peasant , Tribal Revolts -1857 Revolt – Causes, Nature& Consequenceses  |
| Unit -V1   | Social, Religious & Self-Respect Movements: Social & Cultural Awakening – Brahma Samaj- Arya Samaj,- Theosophical Society, RamakrishMission, AligarhMovement Emancipation of Women-  |
| Unit –V II | Growth of Nationalism in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> Half of 19 <sup>th</sup> Century –Birth of Indian National Congress- Freedom Struggle from 1885 to 1920: Moderate Phase – Partition of Bengal Emergence of Militant Nationalis –Swadeshi & BoycotMovement – Home Rule Movement              |
| Unit -VIII | Freedom Struggle from 1920 to 1947: Gandhiji's Role in the National Movement Revolutionary Movement –Subhas Chandra Bose- Muslim League & the Growth of Communalism – Partition of India – Advent of Freedom - Integration of Princely States into Indian Union – Sardar Vallabhai Patel |

## **PAPER-III- HISTORY OF MODERN WORLD (Annual pattern)**

| Unit – 1  | The Renaissance Movement: Factors for the Growth of Renaissance –            |
|-----------|--|
|           | Characteristic Features. Geographical Discoveries: Causes – Compass & Maps   |
|           | - Portugal Leads and Western World Follows - Consequences- Emergence of      |
|           | Nation States: Contributory Factors England and other Nation States – Impact |
|           | due to the Emergence of Nation States.;                                      |
| Unit – II | The Renaissance Movement: Factors for the Growth of Renaissance –            |
|           | Characteristic.;Reformation & Counter Reformation Movements:The              |
|           | Background -Protestantism Spread of the Movement- Counter Reformation-       |
|           | Effects of Reformation   |

| Unit -III  | -Mercantalism-Colonism-New Economic order. Industrial Revolution: Origin,   |
|------------|---|
|            | Nature and Impact   |
| Unit -IV   | Age of Revolutions: The Glorious Revolution (1688) – Origin of Parliament   |
|            | Constitutional Settlement – Bill of Rights – Results Industrial Revolution:   |
|            | Origin, Nature and Impact.  |
| Unit – V   | The American Revolution (1776) – Opening of New World – Causes – Course Declaration of Independence, 1776 – Bill of Rights, 1791 – Significance- The French Revolution (1789) Causes - Teachings of Philosophers - Course of the Revolution – Results.Napolean Bonaparte-Internal and external policy-Estimate  |
| Unit -V1   | Japan during Pre-Restoration Period - The Tokugawa Shogunate- Encounter with the West- the Perry Mission and the opening up of Japan to the West - The crisis and fall of Shogunate - Meiji Restoration (1867-68) - Processes of modernization- social, military, political and educational - Popular and Democratic Movements - Meiji Constitution.  |
| Unit –V II | Unification Movements in Italy & Germany and their ImpactEastern question- Berlin Congress-World War I: Age of Rivalry in Europe Between 1870 and 1914 – Results of the War – Paris Peace Conference - League of Nations.   |
| Unit -VIII | Fascism in Italy-Orign, Internal and External policy-Nazism in Germany-Orign, Internal and External policy- Emergence of Japan as an Imperial Power - The Sino-Japanese War - The Anglo-Japanese Alliance - The Russo-Japanese War - World War I and after Japan - Failure of the Democratic System and the Risee of Militarism in the 1930's and 1940's - Japan and the World War II - Post War Japan under General MacArthur. |
| Unit –IX   | Communist Revolution in Russia – Causes, Course and Results – Impact on World Order.  |
| Unit -X    | World War II: Causes, Results; The United Nations Organization - Structure,   |
|            | Functions and Challenges.   |

## PAPER IV- HISTORY OF ANDHRA DESA (Annual pattern)

| Unit – 1  | Geography of A.PInfluence of geography on Andhra History-Literary and                               |
|-----------|---|
|           | Archeaological sources for Andhra historysatavahanas-vishnukundins-                                 |
|           | Brihatpalayans-Easternchalukas  |
| Unit – II | Andhra during 12 <sup>th</sup> & 13 <sup>th</sup> Centuries A.D.: Kakatiyas – Origin & its Antecede |
|           | Administration – Social & Economic Life – Industries & Trade -                                      |
|           | Promotion of Literature and Culture – Architecture & Sculpture – Decline; The                       |

| Unit -III  | Age of Reddy Kingdoms: Patronage to Literature – Trade & Commerce. Vijayanagara Empire: Polity, Administration, Society & Economy – Sri Krishna Devaraya and his contribution to Andhra Culture.  Qutubsahis of Golkonda –Administration— cultural contributions— Down  |
|------------|---|
| Olit -III  | fallAsafjahis-Administration, Socio and Economic conditions- Salarjung Reforms.   |
| Unit -IV   | East India Company's Authority over Andhra — Three Carnatic War Occupation of Northern Circars and Ceeded Districts — Administration — Land Revenue Settlements- Contribution of Sir Thomasmunro  |
| Unit – V   | Impact of Company Rule on Andhra Impact of Industrial Revolution on Economy; Early Uprisings Peasants and Tribal Revolts.: -Impact of 1857 Revolt in Andhra   |
| Unit -V1   | Social & Self Respect Movements: Social Conditions – KandukuriVeeresalinga- Raghupathi Venkata Rathnam Naidu, GuruzadaApparao, Komarraju Venkata Laxmana Rao; New Literary Movements: Causes – RayaproluSubbarao, ViswanathaSathyanarayana, Gurram Jashua, BoyiBheemanna, SriSri – Impact   |
| Unit –V II | Freedom Movement in Andhra (1885-1920): Contributory Factors Vandemataram Movement – Swadeshi & Boycott programs – Glorious Events at Rajahmundry, Kakinada, Kotappakonda& Tenali – Home Rule Movement in Andhra. Freedom Movement in Andhra (1920-1947): Non-CooperationMovement – ChiralaPerala, Palanadu&Pedanandipadu Activities – Alluri Seetarama Raju &Rampa Revolt (1922-24) – Anti-Simon Commission Movement.Civil Disobedience Movement – Quit India MovementRole of woman in Andhra movement |
| Unit -VIII | Movement for Separate Andhra State (1953): Causes – Andhra Maha Sabha – Andhra Provincial Congress Committee – Andhr University – Conflict between Coastal Andhra &Rayalaseema – Sri Bagh Pact – Constitution of Committees & their Contribution – Martyrdom of PottiSriramulu - Formation of separate Andhra State. Movement for formation of Andhra Pradesh (1956): VisalandhraMahasabha – Role of Communists – States Reorganization Committee – Gentlemen's Agreement – Formation of Andhra Pradesh |
| Unit –IX   | JaiTelengana Movement (1969) – Mulki Rules – Legal Battle - Jai Andhra Movement (1972) – Six Point Formula (1973).  |

## PAPER-I Ancient Indian History & Culture.

| Unit – 1   | Survey of Sources: Literary & Archaeological Sources; Influence of  |
|------------|---|
|            | Geography on History; Unity in Diversity; Traces of Stone Age Culture (3,50,000 to 3,000 B. C);   |
| Unit – II  | Indus Valley Civilization (Circa 3000 B. C to 1,500 B. C): Origin, Extent, Salient Features Society ,Polity, Economy, Culture during Rigvedic Age . Society Polity, Economy,Culture during later Vedic period.  |
| Unit -III  | Jainism, Buddhism: Causes, Doctrines, Spread, Importance-Impact.  |
| Unit -IV   | Rise of Mahajanapadas- Causes for Magadha's Success. Persian and Macedonian Invasions; Mauryan Empire: State, Imperial Administration, Economy, Socity- Economy- Religion- Art & Architecture, Significance& downfall - Ashoka's Dhamma,  |
| Unit – V   | Kushanas - Aspects of polity, Religion, Art& Architecture; The Age of Satavahanas:Pattern of Administration – Social, Economic, Religious & Cultural Developments; Sangam Age: The Three Early Kingdoms (Chol Chera& Pandya)  |
| Unit -V1   | The Rise and Growth of Guptas: Administration, Society, Economy, Religion, Art, Literature and Science & Technology - Decline. Harsha & His Times Administration, Religion – Hiuen Tsang  |
| Unit –V II | Polity, Society, Economy and Culture from 7th to 11th Century A. D. under Chalukyas of Badami Eastern Chalukyas of Vengi. : Age of later Pallavas during 7th& 8th Centuries A. D.: Contribution to Cultural Development, Art & Architecture; The Chola Empire from 9th to 12 Century Rise of the Empire, Administration and Cultural Life.                    |
| Unit -VIII | Conditions in India on the eve of Turkish Invasions; Early Invasions: Traces of Arab Invasion, Ghazni&Ghori Delhi Sultanate (1206 to 1290 A.D.) under Slave Dyanasty Delhi Sultanate (1290 to 1526 A.D.): Khaljis: Expansion Consolidation Administrative & Economic Reforms - The Tughlaqs - Decline & Disintegration of the Delhi Sultanate                 |
| Unit –IX   | Delhi Sultanate - Administration, Society, Economy, Technology, Religion, Art & Architecture under the Sultanate. Cultural Development in India between 13th& 15t Centuries A. D.: Impact of Islam on Indian Society and Culture – Bhakti and Sufi Movements – Emergence of Composite Culture.  |
| Unit -X    | Kakatiyas – Origin & its Antecedents – Administration – Social & Economic Life – Industries & Trade - Promotion of Literature and Culture – Architecture & Sculpture Vijayanagara Empire: Polity, Administration, Society & Economy – Sri Krishna Devaraya and his contribution to Andhra Culture Development of Literature & Architecture – Decline and Down |